

General Assembly

Bill No.

January Session, 2013

LCO No. 6193



Referred to Committee on

Introduced by:

#### AN ACT CONCERNING MUNICIPAL REVENUE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2013) (a) As used in this section,
- 2 "municipality" means any town, city, borough, consolidated town and
- 3 city or consolidated town and borough.
- 4 (b) Any municipality may, upon approval by its legislative body, or,
- 5 in any town in which the legislative body is a town meeting, by the
- 6 board of selectmen, establish by ordinance any type of tax, including,
- 7 but not limited to, a retail sales tax, a tax on food and beverages, an
- 8 amusements tax, a hotel tax, payroll taxes or hospital bed taxes.
- 9 (c) The municipality shall conduct an annual review of any tax
- 10 imposed pursuant to this section, commencing one year after the date
- of its original imposition. Such municipality's legislative body, or, in
- 12 any town in which the legislative body is a town meeting, the board of
- 13 selectmen, shall conduct such review and such legislative body or
- 14 board of selectmen shall thereafter amend or approve such tax in the
- 15 same manner as provided in subsection (b) of this section. If a tax is

- not so amended or approved, it shall expire at the end of the current calendar quarter or thirty days after the annual review required pursuant to this subsection, whichever is later.
- (d) Any municipal tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be inaddition to any state tax imposed on the same activity.
- 21 (e) (1) Any tax imposed by a municipality under the provisions of 22 this section shall be collected and administered by the Department of 23 Revenue Services, in the same manner as such taxes are currently paid, 24 and in accordance with the laws governing such taxes. The department 25 shall segregate the amount paid that is attributable to any municipal 26 tax and, commencing on the first day of the calendar quarter next 27 succeeding the institution of such municipal tax, remit to the 28 municipality such amount. Thereafter, the department shall remit 29 quarterly to the municipality any amounts received attributable to a 30 municipal tax.
  - (2) For the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014, and June 30, 2015, the department may deduct from the amounts received attributable to municipal taxes any costs directly associated with the administration and collection of such taxes by the department.
- 35 (f) A municipality may use the revenue generated by any tax 36 enacted under the provisions of this section for the general fund of the 37 municipality, capital expenditures or any regular or special purpose as 38 provided in the budget enacted each year by the municipality.
- Sec. 2. Subdivision (2) of subsection (c) of section 7-148 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- 42 (2) (A) Establish and maintain a budget system;
- 43 (B) Assess, levy and collect taxes for general or special purposes on 44 all property, subjects or objects which may be lawfully taxed, and

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- regulate the mode of assessment and collection of taxes and assessments not otherwise provided for, including establishment of a procedure for the withholding of approval of building application when taxes or water or sewer rates, charges or assessments imposed by the municipality are delinquent for the property for which an application was made;
- 51 (C) Make appropriations for the support of the municipality and 52 pay its debts;
  - (D) Make appropriations for the purpose of meeting a public emergency threatening the lives, health or property of citizens, provided such appropriations shall require a favorable vote of at least two-thirds of the entire membership of the legislative body or, when the legislative body is the town meeting, at least two-thirds of those present and voting;
- (E) Make appropriations to military organizations, hospitals, health care facilities, public health nursing organizations, nonprofit museums and libraries, organizations providing drug abuse and dependency programs and any other private organization performing a public function;
  - (F) Provide for the manner in which contracts involving unusual expenditures shall be made;
  - (G) When not specifically prescribed by general statute or by charter, prescribe the form of proceedings and mode of assessing benefits and appraising damages in taking land for public use, or in making public improvements to be paid for, in whole or in part, by special assessments, and prescribe the manner in which all benefits assessed shall be collected;
  - (H) Provide for the bonding of municipal officials or employees by requiring the furnishing of such bond, conditioned upon honesty or faithful performance of duty and determine the amount, form, and

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- (I) Regulate the method of borrowing money for any purpose for which taxes may be levied and borrow on the faith and credit of the municipality for such general or special purposes and to such extent as is authorized by general statute;
- 80 (J) Provide for the temporary borrowing of money;
- 81 (K) Create a sinking fund or funds or a trust fund or funds or other 82 special funds, including funds which do not lapse at the end of the 83 municipal fiscal year;
- 84 (L) Provide for the assignment of municipal tax liens on real 85 property to the extent authorized by general statute;
- 86 (M) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, impose a 87 surcharge on any fee established pursuant to the general statutes for a 88 municipal service, which surcharge shall not exceed the costs to the 89 municipality to provide the service for which the fee is assessed, 90 including, but not limited to, the costs of (i) reviewing and acting on 91 applications and petitions, (ii) certified mailings, (iii) publications of 92 notices and decisions, (iv) monitoring compliance with permit 93 conditions, and (v) the salary attributable to employees engaged in 94 providing the service.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2013*) (a) There is established an account to be known as the "municipal revenue enhancement account" that shall be a separate, nonlapsing account within the General Fund. The account shall contain any moneys required by law to be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account shall be expended by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management in accordance with subsection (b) of this section.
- 102 (b) On January 1, \_\_\_\_, and quarterly thereafter, the secretary shall distribute the funds in the account as follows: \_\_\_\_.

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104	(c) Any municipality that receives funds distributed pursuant to
105	subsection (b) of this section shall use such funds for the costs of public
106	safety services, to provide support for maintaining property tax levels
107	or

- (d) On or before July 1, \_\_\_\_, and semiannually thereafter, any municipality that receives funds distributed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall report to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management regarding its use of such funds. On or before January 1, \_\_\_\_, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall prepare a report concerning the use of such funds by such municipalities, and shall submit such report to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development and finance, revenue and bonding, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes.
- 119 Sec. 4. Section 51-56a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):
  - (a) Each clerk of the Supreme Court and Superior Court shall account for and pay or deposit all fees, fines, forfeitures and contributions made to the Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund and the proceeds of judgments of such clerk's office in the manner provided by section 4-32. If any such clerk fails to so account and pay or deposit, such failure shall be reported by the Treasurer to the Chief Court Administrator who may thereupon remove the clerk. When any such clerk dies before so accounting and paying or depositing, the Treasurer shall require the executor of such clerk's will or administrator of such clerk's estate to so account. If any such clerk is removed from office, the Treasurer shall require such clerk to account for any money of the state remaining in such clerk's hands at the time of such removal and, if such clerk neglects to so account, the Treasurer shall certify the neglect to the Chief Court Administrator.

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- (b) The state shall remit to the municipalities in which the violations occurred all amounts received in respect to the violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 14-12, sections 14-251, 14-252, 14-253a and 14-305 to 14-308, inclusive, or any regulation adopted thereunder or ordinance enacted in accordance therewith. Each clerk of the Superior Court or the Chief Court Administrator, or any other official of the Superior Court designated by the Chief Court Administrator, shall, on or before the thirtieth day of January, April, July and October in each year, certify to the Comptroller the amount due for the previous quarter under this subsection to each municipality served by the office of the clerk or official, provided prior to the institution of court proceedings, a city, town or borough shall have the authority to collect and retain all proceeds from parking violations committed within the jurisdiction of such city, town or borough.
  - (c) For the purpose of providing additional funds for municipal and state police training, each person who pays in any sum as (1) a fine or forfeiture for any violation of section 14-12, 14-215, 14-219, 14-222, 14-224, 14-225, 14-227a, 14-266, 14-267a, 14-269 or 14-283, or (2) a fine or forfeiture for any infraction, shall pay an additional fee of one dollar for each eight dollars or fraction thereof of the amount such person is required to pay, except if such payment is made for violation of such a section which is deemed to be an infraction, such additional fee shall be only on the first eighty-eight dollars of such fine or forfeiture. Such additional fee charged shall be deposited in the General Fund.
- (d) Each person who pays in any sum as a fine or forfeiture for any violation of sections 14-218a, 14-219, 14-222, 14-223, 14-227a, sections 14-230 to 14-240, inclusive, sections 14-241 to 14-249, inclusive, section 14-279 for the first offense, sections 14-289b, 14-299, 14-301 to 14-303, inclusive, or any regulation adopted under said sections or ordinance enacted in accordance with said sections shall pay an additional fee of fifteen dollars. The state shall remit to the municipalities in which the violations occurred the amounts paid under this subsection. Each clerk of the Superior Court or the Chief Court Administrator, or any other

- official of the Superior Court designated by the Chief Court
  Administrator, on or before the thirtieth day of January, April, July
  and October in each year, shall certify to the Comptroller the amount
  due for the previous quarter under this subsection to each
  municipality served by the office of the clerk or official.
- 173 (e) The state shall remit to the municipalities in which the violation 174 occurred all fine amounts received in respect to the violation of section 175 14-279 after crediting twelve per cent of such fine amounts to the 176 Special Transportation Fund established under section 13b-68 and 177 crediting eight per cent of such fine amounts to the General Fund. Each 178 clerk of the Superior Court or the Chief Court Administrator, or any 179 other official of the Superior Court designated by the Chief Court 180 Administrator, shall, on or before the thirtieth day of January, April, 181 July and October in each year, certify to the Comptroller the amount 182 due for the previous quarter under this subsection to each 183 municipality served by the office of the clerk or official.
- 184 (f) Each person who pays in any sum as a fine or forfeiture for any violation of (1) section 14-12, 14-213b, 14-215, 14-215a, 14-215b, 14-219, 185 186 14-222, 14-224, 14-225, 14-227a, 14-240, 14-240a, 14-266, 14-267a, 14-269, 187 14-283 or 14-296aa, as amended by this act, or (2) any provision of title 188 14 deemed an infraction shall pay an additional fee of one dollar for 189 each five dollars or fraction thereof of the amount such person is 190 required to pay. The state shall deposit into the municipal revenue 191 enhancement account, established in section 3 of this act, the amounts 192 paid under this subsection after crediting fifty per cent of such 193 amounts to the General Fund. Each clerk of the Superior Court or the 194 Chief Court Administrator, or any other official of the Superior Court 195 designated by the Chief Court Administrator, shall, on or before the 196 thirtieth day of January, April, July and October in each year, certify to 197 the Comptroller the amount due for the previous quarter under this subsection to each municipality served by the office of the clerk or 198 199 official.

- 200 Sec. 5. Section 14-296aa of the general statutes is repealed and the 201 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):
- 202 (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the 203 following meanings:
- 204 (1) "Mobile telephone" means a cellular, analog, wireless or digital 205 telephone capable of sending or receiving telephone communications 206 without an access line for service.
- 207 (2) "Using" or "use" means holding a hand-held mobile telephone to, or in the immediate proximity of, the user's ear. 208
- 209 (3) "Hand-held mobile telephone" means a mobile telephone with 210 which a user engages in a call using at least one hand.
- 211 (4) "Hands-free accessory" means an attachment, add-on, built-in 212 feature, or addition to a mobile telephone, whether or not permanently 213 installed in a motor vehicle, that, when used, allows the vehicle 214 operator to maintain both hands on the steering wheel.
- 215 (5) "Hands-free mobile telephone" means a hand-held mobile 216 telephone that has an internal feature or function, or that is equipped 217 with an attachment or addition, whether or not permanently part of 218 such hand-held mobile telephone, by which a user engages in a call 219 without the use of either hand, whether or not the use of either hand is 220 necessary to activate, deactivate or initiate a function of such 221 telephone.
- 222 (6) "Engage in a call" means talking into or listening on a hand-held 223 mobile telephone, but does not include holding a hand-held mobile 224 telephone to activate, deactivate or initiate a function of such 225 telephone.
- 226 (7) "Immediate proximity" means the distance that permits the 227 operator of a hand-held mobile telephone to hear telecommunications 228 transmitted over such hand-held mobile telephone, but does not

- require physical contact with such operator's ear.
- 230 (8) "Mobile electronic device" means any hand-held or other 231 portable electronic equipment capable of providing data 232 communication between two or more persons, including a text 233 messaging device, a paging device, a personal digital assistant, a 234 laptop computer, equipment that is capable of playing a video game or 235 a digital video disk, or equipment on which digital photographs are 236 taken or transmitted, or any combination thereof, but does not include 237 any audio equipment or any equipment installed in a motor vehicle for 238 the purpose of providing navigation, emergency assistance to the 239 operator of such motor vehicle or video entertainment to the 240 passengers in the rear seats of such motor vehicle.
  - (b) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsections (c) and (d) of this section, no person shall operate a motor vehicle upon a highway, as defined in section 14-1, while using a hand-held mobile telephone to engage in a call or while using a mobile electronic device while such vehicle is in motion. An operator of a motor vehicle who types, sends or reads a text message with a hand-held mobile telephone or mobile electronic device while such vehicle is in motion shall be in violation of this section, except that if such operator is driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in section 14-1, such operator shall be charged with a violation of subsection (e) of this section.
  - (2) An operator of a motor vehicle who holds a hand-held mobile telephone to, or in the immediate proximity of, his or her ear while such vehicle is in motion is presumed to be engaging in a call within the meaning of this section. The presumption established by this subdivision is rebuttable by evidence tending to show that the operator was not engaged in a call.
- 258 (3) The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as 259 authorizing the seizure or forfeiture of a hand-held mobile telephone

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or a mobile electronic device, unless otherwise provided by law.

- (4) Subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to: (A) The use of a hand-held mobile telephone for the sole purpose of communicating with any of the following regarding an emergency situation: An emergency response operator; a hospital, physician's office or health clinic; an ambulance company; a fire department; or a police department, or (B) any of the following persons while in the performance of their official duties and within the scope of their employment: A peace officer, as defined in subdivision (9) of section 53a-3, a firefighter or an operator of an ambulance or authorized emergency vehicle, as defined in section 14-1, or a member of the armed forces of the United States, as defined in section 27-103, while operating a military vehicle, or (C) the use of a hand-held radio by a person with an amateur radio station license issued by the Federal Communications Commission, or (D) the use of a hands-free mobile telephone.
- (c) No person shall use a hand-held mobile telephone or other electronic device, including those with hands-free accessories, or a mobile electronic device while operating a moving school bus that is carrying passengers, except that this subsection shall not apply to (1) a school bus driver who places an emergency call to school officials, or (2) the use of a hand-held mobile telephone as provided in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of this section.
- (d) No person under eighteen years of age shall use any hand-held mobile telephone, including one with a hands-free accessory, or a mobile electronic device while operating a moving motor vehicle on a public highway, except as provided in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of this section.
- (e) No person shall type, read or send text or a text message with or from a mobile telephone or mobile electronic device while operating a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in section 14-1, except for the

- purpose of communicating with any of the following regarding an emergency situation: An emergency response operator; a hospital; physician's office or health clinic; an ambulance company; a fire department or a police department.
  - (f) Except as provided in subsections (b) to (e), inclusive, of this section, no person shall engage in any activity not related to the actual operation of a motor vehicle in a manner that interferes with the safe operation of such vehicle on any highway, as defined in section 14-1.
- 299 (g) Any law enforcement officer who issues a summons for a 300 violation of this section shall record on such summons the specific 301 nature of any distracted driving behavior observed by such officer.
- (h) Any person who violates this section shall be fined one hundred [twenty-five] <u>fifty</u> dollars for a first violation, [two hundred fifty] <u>three</u> hundred dollars for a second violation and [four] <u>five</u> hundred dollars for a third or subsequent violation.
  - (i) An operator of a motor vehicle who commits a moving violation, as defined in subsection (a) of section 14-111g, while engaged in any activity prohibited by this section shall be fined in accordance with subsection (h) of this section, in addition to any penalty or fine imposed for the moving violation.
  - (j) The state shall remit to a municipality twenty-five per cent of the fine amount received for a violation of this section with respect to each summons issued by such municipality. Each clerk of the Superior Court or the Chief Court Administrator, or any other official of the Superior Court designated by the Chief Court Administrator, shall, on or before the thirtieth day of January, April, July and October in each year, certify to the Comptroller the amount due for the previous quarter under this subsection to each municipality served by the office of the clerk or official.
- 320 (k) A record of any violation of this section shall appear on the

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- 321 <u>driving history record or motor vehicle record, as defined in section</u>
- 322 14-10, of any person who commits such violation, and the record of
- 323 <u>such violation shall be available to any motor vehicle insurer in</u>
- 324 <u>accordance with the provisions of section 14-10.</u>
- Sec. 6. Section 14-137a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):

327 The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall adopt regulations in 328 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, setting forth the number 329 of points chargeable against the owner of an operator's license for 330 conviction of any violation of the motor vehicle laws deemed 331 appropriate by the commissioner for the assessment of such points. 332 Such regulations shall provide specific information as to the number of 333 points assessed for the conviction of each specified violation, the total 334 number of points which, in a period of time specified by the 335 commissioner, shall require a hearing before the commissioner or 336 permit automatic suspension without prior hearing, and the period of 337 time during which any such suspension shall extend. Such regulations 338 shall provide that (1) not less than two points shall be assessed for 339 conviction of a violation of subsection (d) of section 14-100a, (2) not 340 more than one point shall be assessed for conviction of a violation of 341 section 14-219 and (3) no points shall be assessed for an infraction or 342 any violation specified in subsection (b) of section 51-164n for which 343 the person sends payment of the fine and any additional fees or costs 344 established for such infraction or violation to the Centralized 345 Infractions Bureau in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) 346 of section 51-164n, except not less than one point shall be assessed for 347 any violation of section 14-296aa, as amended by this act. If such 348 regulations provide for participation in a driver improvement course 349 or system for the owner of an operator's license, the commissioner may 350 charge a fee of fifty dollars for registration for such course or system.

Sec. 7. (*Effective from passage*) (a) There is established a task force to study issues concerning the prevention of distracted driving in the

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353 354 355 356 357 358	state. Such task force shall (1) evaluate the effectiveness of existing laws prohibiting distracted driving, (2) examine distracted driving enforcement, (3) consider any federal efforts to prevent distracted driving, (4) consider any distracted driving efforts in other states, and (5) develop recommendations, including any necessary legislative changes, to prevent distracted driving in Connecticut.		
359	(b) The task force shall consist of the following members:		
360	(1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives;		
361	(2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate;		
362 363	(3) One appointed by the majority leader of the House of Representatives;		
364	(4) One appointed by the majority leader of the Senate;		
365 366	(5) One appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives;		
367	(6) One appointed by the minority leader of the Senate;		
368 369	(7) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, or the commissioner's designee; and		
370 371	(8) The Commissioner of Transportation, or the commissioner's designee.		
372 373	(c) Any member of the task force appointed under subsection (b) of this section may be a member of the General Assembly.		
374	(d) All appointments to the task force shall be made not later than		
375	thirty days after the effective date of this section. Any vacancy shall be		
376	filled by the appointing authority.		
377	(e) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president		
378	pro tempore of the Senate shall select the chairpersons of the task force		

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- from among the members of the task force. Such chairpersons shall schedule the first meeting of the task force, which shall be held not later than sixty days after the effective date of this section.
- (f) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the 383 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to transportation shall serve as administrative staff of the task force.
- 385 (g) Not later than January 1, 2014, the task force shall submit a 386 report on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing 387 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 388 relating to transportation, in accordance with the provisions of section 389 11-4a of the general statutes. The task force shall terminate on the date 390 that it submits such report or January 1, 2014, whichever is later.
- Sec. 8. Subsection (a) of section 7-73 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 393 October 1, 2013):
- 394 (a) To any person performing the duties required by the provisions 395 of the general statutes relating to registration of marriages, deaths and 396 fetal deaths, the following fees shall be allowed: (1) For the license to 397 marry, [ten] thirty dollars; and (2) for issuing each burial or removal, 398 transit and burial permit, [three] ten dollars.
- Sec. 9. Subsection (b) of section 19a-323 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 401 October 1, 2013):
- (b) If death occurred in this state, the death certificate required by law shall be filed with the registrar of vital statistics for the town in which such person died, if known, or, if not known, for the town in which the body was found. The Chief Medical Examiner, Deputy Chief Medical Examiner, associate medical examiner, an authorized assistant medical examiner or other authorized designee shall complete the cremation certificate, stating that such medical examiner or other

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409 authorized designee has made inquiry into the cause and manner of 410 death and is of the opinion that no further examination or judicial 411 inquiry is necessary. The cremation certificate shall be submitted to the 412 registrar of vital statistics of the town in which such person died, if 413 known, or, if not known, of the town in which the body was found, or 414 with the registrar of vital statistics of the town in which the funeral 415 director having charge of the body is located. Upon receipt of the 416 cremation certificate, the registrar shall authorize such certificate, keep 417 such certificate on permanent record, and issue a cremation permit, 418 except that if the cremation certificate is submitted to the registrar of 419 the town where the funeral director is located, such certificate shall be 420 forwarded to the registrar of the town where the person died to be 421 kept on permanent record. If a cremation permit must be obtained 422 during the hours that the office of the local registrar of the town where 423 death occurred is closed, a subregistrar appointed to serve such town 424 may authorize such cremation permit upon receipt and review of a 425 properly completed cremation permit and cremation certificate. A 426 subregistrar who is licensed as a funeral director or embalmer 427 pursuant to chapter 385, or the employee or agent of such funeral 428 director or embalmer shall not issue a cremation permit to himself or 429 herself. A subregistrar shall forward the cremation certificate to the 430 local registrar of the town where death occurred, not later than seven 431 days after receiving such certificate. The estate of the deceased person, 432 if any, shall pay the sum of one hundred fifty dollars for the issuance 433 of the cremation certificate, provided the Office of the Chief Medical 434 Examiner shall not assess any fees for costs that are associated with the 435 cremation of a stillborn fetus. No cremation certificate shall be 436 required for a permit to cremate the remains of bodies pursuant to 437 section 19a-270a. When the cremation certificate is submitted to a town 438 other than that where the person died, the registrar of vital statistics 439 for such other town shall ascertain from the original removal, transit 440 and burial permit that the certificates required by the state statutes 441 have been received and recorded, that the body has been prepared in 442 accordance with the Public Health Code and that the entry regarding

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443 the place of disposal is correct. Whenever the registrar finds that the 444 place of disposal is incorrect, the registrar shall issue a corrected 445 removal, transit and burial permit and, after inscribing and recording 446 the original permit in the manner prescribed for sextons' reports under 447 section 7-66, shall then immediately give written notice to the registrar 448 for the town where the death occurred of the change in place of 449 disposal stating the name and place of the crematory and the date of 450 cremation. Such written notice shall be sufficient authorization to 451 correct these items on the original certificate of death. The fee for a 452 cremation permit shall be [three] ten dollars and for the written notice 453 one dollar. The Department of Public Health shall provide forms for 454 cremation permits, which shall not be the same as for regular burial 455 permits and shall include space to record information about the 456 intended manner of disposition of the cremated remains, and such 457 blanks and books as may be required by the registrars.

- Sec. 10. Section 30-53 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):
- Each permit granted or renewed by the Department of Consumer 460 461 Protection shall be of no effect until a duplicate thereof has been filed 462 by the permittee with the town clerk of the town within which the club 463 or place of business described in such permit is situated; provided the 464 place of filing of railroad and boat permits shall be the office of the 465 town clerk of the town of New Haven, and airline permits, the office of 466 the town clerk of the town of Hartford. The fee for such filing shall be 467 [two] twenty dollars.
- Sec. 11. Section 7-34a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):
- 470 (a) Town clerks shall receive, for recording any document, ten 471 dollars for the first page and five dollars for each subsequent page or 472 fractional part thereof, a page being not more than eight and one-half 473 by fourteen inches. Town clerks shall receive, for recording the

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information contained in a certificate of registration for the practice of any of the healing arts, [five] ten dollars. Town clerks shall receive, for recording documents conforming to, or substantially similar to, section 47-36c, which are clearly entitled "statutory form" in the heading of such documents, as follows: For the first page of a warranty deed, a quitclaim deed, a mortgage deed, or an assignment of mortgage, ten dollars; for each additional page of such documents, five dollars; and for each assignment of mortgage, subsequent to the first two assignments, two dollars. Town clerks shall receive, for recording any document with respect to which certain data must be submitted by each town clerk to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management in accordance with section 10-261b, two dollars in addition to the regular recording fee. Any person who offers any written document for recording in the office of any town clerk, which document fails to have legibly typed, printed or stamped directly beneath the signatures the names of the persons who executed such document, the names of any witnesses thereto and the name of the officer before whom the same was acknowledged, shall pay one dollar in addition to the regular recording fee. Town clerks shall receive, for recording any deed, except a mortgage deed, conveying title to real estate, which deed does not contain the current mailing address of the grantee, five dollars in addition to the regular recording fee. Town clerks shall receive, for filing any document, [five] ten dollars; for receiving and keeping a survey or map, legally filed in the town clerk's office, [five] ten dollars; and for indexing such survey or map, in accordance with section 7-32, [five] ten dollars, except with respect to indexing any such survey or map pertaining to a subdivision of land as defined in section 8-18, in which event town clerks shall receive [fifteen] twenty dollars for each such indexing. Town clerks shall receive, for a copy, in any format, of any document either recorded or filed in their offices, one dollar for each page or fractional part thereof, as the case may be; for certifying any copy of the same, two dollars; for making a copy of any survey or map, the actual cost thereof; and for certifying such copy of a survey or map, two dollars. Town clerks shall

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- receive, for recording the commission and oath of a notary public, [ten] twenty dollars; and for certifying under seal to the official character of a notary, [two] five dollars.
  - (b) The fees set forth in subsection (a) of this section received by town clerks for recording documents include therein payment for the return of each document which shall be made by the town clerk to the designated addressee.
  - (c) Compensation for all services other than those enumerated in subsection (a) of this section which town clerks are required by the general statutes to perform and for which compensation is not fixed by statute shall be fixed and paid by the selectmen or other governing body of the town or city in which such services are performed.
  - (d) In addition to the fees for recording a document under subsection (a) of this section, town clerks shall receive a fee of three dollars for each document recorded in the land records of the municipality. Not later than the fifteenth day of each month, town clerks shall remit two-thirds of the fees paid pursuant to this subsection during the previous calendar month to the State Librarian for deposit in a bank account of the State Treasurer and crediting to the historic documents preservation account established under section 11-8i. One-third of the amount paid for fees pursuant to this subsection shall be retained by town clerks and used for the preservation and management of historic documents. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any document recorded on the land records by an employee of the state or of a municipality in conjunction with said employee's official duties. [As used in this section "municipality" includes each town, consolidated town and city, city, consolidated town and borough, borough, district, as defined in chapter 105 or chapter 105a, and each municipal board, commission and taxing district not previously mentioned.]
- (e) In addition to the fees for recording a document under

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subsection (a) of this section, town clerks shall receive a fee of forty dollars for each document recorded in the land records of the municipality. The town clerk shall retain one dollar of any fee paid pursuant to this subsection and three dollars of such fee shall become part of the general revenue of the municipality and be used to pay for local capital improvement projects, as defined in section 7-536. Not later than the fifteenth day of each month, town clerks shall remit thirty-six dollars of the fees paid pursuant to this subsection during the previous calendar month to the State Treasurer. Upon deposit in the General Fund, such amount shall be credited to the community investment account established pursuant to section 4-66aa. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any document recorded on the land records by an employee of the state or of a municipality in conjunction with such employee's official duties. [As used in this subsection, "municipality" includes each town, consolidated town and city, city, consolidated town and borough, borough, and district, as defined in chapter 105 or 105a, any municipal corporation or department thereof created by a special act of the General Assembly, and each municipal board, commission and taxing district not previously mentioned.]

(f) In addition to the fees for recording a document under subsection (a) of this section, town clerks shall receive a fee of seven dollars for each document recorded in the land records of the municipality. The town clerk shall retain five dollars of any fee paid pursuant to this subsection, which shall be deposited in a separate, nonlapsing account of the municipality and be used to pay for the preservation and management of electronic records, as defined in section 12 of this act. Not later than the fifteenth day of each month, town clerks shall remit two dollars of the fees paid pursuant to this subsection during the previous calendar month to the State Librarian for deposit in a bank account of the State Treasurer and crediting to the e-government records management account established pursuant to section 12 of this act. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any document

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- 572 <u>recorded on the land records by an employee of the state or of a</u> 573 <u>municipality in conjunction with such employee's official duties.</u>
- (g) As used in this section, "municipality" includes each town, consolidated town and city, city, consolidated town and borough, borough, district, as defined in chapter 105 or 105a, and each municipal board, commission and taxing district not previously mentioned, provided for the purposes of subsection (e) of this section, "municipality" also includes any municipal corporation or department

thereof created by a special act of the General Assembly.

- Sec. 12. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2013) (a) For the purposes of this section, "preservation and management of electronic records" means activities that include, but are not limited to, the following: (1) The use of information technology to facilitate the performance of duties integral to the maintenance and tracking of electronic records; (2) the development of best practices and standards concerning the creation, maintenance and preservation of electronic records; (3) the assessment, implementation or upgrading of electronic records management systems; (4) the development of an essential records program, including disaster recovery; (5) the development and implementation of a real property electronic recording system; and (6) the training of personnel to perform duties integral to the maintenance and tracking of electronic records.
- (b) There is established an account to be known as the "e-government records management account", which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account within the General Fund. The account shall contain any moneys required by law to be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account shall be expended by the State Librarian for the purposes of the preservation and management of electronic records, including (1) the preservation and management of records in an electronic format maintained by the State Library, and (2) the development and implementation of a state-wide electronic records management initiative for electronic records created and maintained

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- by state agencies, municipalities and quasi-public agencies.
- Sec. 13. Section 1-9 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- 607 No person having custody of any permanent record or register in 608 any department or office of the state, or of any political subdivision 609 thereof, or of any probate district, shall use or permit to be used for 610 recording purposes any paper other than alkaline paper that meets or 611 exceeds the American National Standards Institute standards for 612 permanent paper and meets such additional specifications as may be 613 issued by the Public Records Administrator, unless such paper is not 614 available. [Said administrator shall furnish to each person having 615 custody of any such permanent record a list of such papers.] Any such 616 person shall maintain any permanent electronic record in accordance 617 with the authentication and preservation standards for electronic 618 documents issued by the Public Records Administrator under section 619 11-4d. Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be 620 fined not more than one hundred dollars.
  - Sec. 14. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2013) Except as otherwise provided by statute, "essential record" means a record necessary to (1) respond to an emergency, (2) reestablish normal operations after any such emergency, (3) protect the rights and interests of the state agency or political subdivision, and (4) protect the rights and interests of individuals for whom the state agency or political subdivision has responsibility.
- Sec. 15. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2013*) (a) For the purposes of this section, "public agency" means any state agency within the executive branch and any town, city, borough, district or other political subdivision of the state, including probate districts, and "essential record" has the same meaning as provided in section 14 of this act.
- 633 (b) In order to provide for the continuity of government during and 634 following a disaster or other emergency, the administrative head of

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- each public agency shall identify such agency's essential records. Each such administrative head shall transmit a list of essential records to the Public Records Administrator on a form prescribed by the Public Records Administrator. Each such administrative head shall review such list not less than annually to ensure its completeness, and shall notify the Public Records Administrator forthwith of any revisions made to such list.
  - (c) Each administrative head of a public agency shall ensure the protection of all essential records by any method approved by the Public Records Administrator. Each public agency shall incorporate the protection of essential records into any continuity of operations plan or emergency operations plan adopted by such agency.
  - Sec. 16. (Effective July 1, 2013) For the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2013, the Auditors of Public Accounts shall conduct a pilot program to audit the budget and financial condition of (1) one municipality with a population equal to or less than thirty thousand, (2) one municipality with a population of more than thirty thousand but less than seventy-five thousand, and (3) one municipality with a population equal to or more than seventy-five thousand. As part of such pilot program, the auditors shall prepare a report of their review and make recommendations for programmatic savings, efficiencies, financial improvements and reforms for each of the selected municipalities and shall submit such reports not later than February 5, 2014, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development, appropriations and finance, revenue and bonding.
  - Sec. 17. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) Not later than January 1, 2015, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall, in consultation with organizations that work with municipalities, develop and implement a uniform system of accounting for municipal revenues and expenditures.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following					
sections:					
Section 1	July 1, 2013	New section			
Sec. 2	July 1, 2013	7-148(c)(2)			
Sec. 3	October 1, 2013	New section			
Sec. 4	October 1, 2013	51-56a			
Sec. 5	October 1, 2013	14-296aa			
Sec. 6	October 1, 2013	14-137a			
Sec. 7	from passage	New section			
Sec. 8	October 1, 2013	7-73(a)			
Sec. 9	October 1, 2013	19a-323(b)			
Sec. 10	October 1, 2013	30-53			
Sec. 11	October 1, 2013	7-34a			
Sec. 12	October 1, 2013	New section			
Sec. 13	July 1, 2013	1-9			
Sec. 14	July 1, 2013	New section			
Sec. 15	July 1, 2013	New section			
Sec. 16	July 1, 2013	New section			
Sec. 17	from passage	New section			